



Victoria B



Name of the variety in France

Victoria

Origin

This table grape variety was obtained in 1964 in Romania by V. Lepadatu and Condei by crossbreeding Cardinal and Dattier de Beyrouth.

Synonyms

There is no officially recognized synonym in France nor in the other countries of the European Union, for this variety.

Legal information

In France, Victoria is officially listed in the "Catalogue of vine varieties" on the A list. This variety is also listed in the catalogues of other Member States of the European Union: Austria, Bulgaria, Italy and Romania.

Use

Table grape variety.

Evolution of cultivated areas in France



Descriptive elements

The identification is based on:

- the tip of the young shoot with no prostate hairs,
- the green young leaves,
- the green shoots,
- the wedge-shaped adult leaves, with three or five lobes, shallow lateral sinuses, an open U-shaped petiole sinus, large teeth with straight or convex sides, no anthocyanin coloration of veins, a twisted blistered leaf blade, and on the lower side of the leaves, no erect and prostate hairs,
- the ellipsoid berries.

Genetic profile

Microsatellite	VVS2	VVMD5	VVMD7	VVMD27	VRZAG62	VRZAG79	VVMD25	VVMD28	VVMD32
Allel 1	133	223	239	182	186	244	254	233	251
Allel 2	133	234	249	182	188	252	254	267	257

Phenology

Bud burst: 8 days after Chasselas.

Grape maturity: early-season, 1 week and a half after Chasselas.

Suitability for cultivation and agronomic production

Victoria has a strong vigor and a semi-erect to horizontal bearing. This variety must be trellised and can be pruned short or long.

Susceptibility to diseases and pests

Victoria is not very sensitive to grey rot.

Technological potentiality

Victoria's bunches are medium to large, moderately compact with a nice presentation. The berries are large with a thick skin and a juicy pulp.

Clonal selection in France

The two certified Victoria clones carry the numbers 6009 and 6010.

Bibliographic references

- Documentary collections of the Centre de Ressources Biologiques de la Vigne de Vassal-Montpellier, INRAE - Montpellier SupAgro, Marseillan, France.
- Dictionnaire encyclopédique des cépages et de leurs synonymes. P. Galet, 2015, Ed. Libre&Solidaire, France.
- Registro nazionale delle varietà di vite. Ministère de l'agriculture italien [[web site](#), visited in 2020].

Description of clones certified in France

Clone no.	Identity and availability		Agronomic data		Technological data	
	<i>Origin</i>	<i>Selection</i>	<i>Fertility</i>	<i>Production level</i>	<i>Sugar level</i>	<i>Color potential</i>
	<i>Year of certification</i>	<i>Agronomic references</i>	<i>Bunch weight</i>	<i>Vigor</i>	<i>Titration acidity</i>	<i>Tannic structure</i>
	<i>Surface area used for propagation (year)</i>		<i>Berry size</i>	<i>Susceptibility to grey rot</i>	<i>Aromatic intensity</i>	<i>Oenological suitability</i>
6009	Vaucluse	IFV	medium	medium	medium	
	2006	Languedoc	low to medium		medium	
	0,04 ha		high			
6010	Vaucluse	IFV	low to medium	low to medium	medium	
	2006	Languedoc	medium		medium to high	
	0,03 ha		medium			



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