



## Valensi noir N



### Name of the variety in France

Valensi noir

### Origin

This table grape variety would originally be from Spain or the South of France.

### Synonyms

In Spain, Valensi noir is officially designated as "Valenci Tinto". This synonym is officially recognized in France regarding plant propagation material.

### Legal information

In France, Valensi noir is officially listed in the "Catalogue of vine varieties" on the A list. This variety is also listed in the catalogue of Spain.

### Use

Table grape variety.

### Evolution of cultivated areas in France

	1958	1968	1979	1988	2000	2008	2018
ha	73	82	159	105	22	18	3.1

### Descriptive elements

The identification is based on:

- the tip of the young shoot with a medium to high density of prostrate hairs,
- the green young leaves with bronze spots,
- the circular adult leaves, with three or five lobes, an open U-shaped petiole sinus, small teeth with straight sides, no or a weak or moderate anthocyanin coloration of veins, a twisted, finely blistered leaf blade, and on the lower side of the leaves, a low density of erect hairs and no prostrate hairs,
- the ellipsoid berries.

## Genetic profile

Microsatellite	VVS2	VVMD5	VVMD7	VVMD27	VRZAG62	VRZAG79	VVMD25	VVMD28	VVMD32
Allel 1	135	225	239	178	188	244	254	257	239
Allel 2	141	234	243	186	196	248	254	259	255

## Phenology

Bud burst: 1 day after Chasselas.

Grape maturity: late-season, 4 weeks after Chasselas.

## Suitability for cultivation and agronomic production

Valensi noir is a strongly vigorous variety with a semi-erect bearing that must be pruned long.

## Susceptibility to diseases and pests

Valensi noir is not very susceptible to grey rot.

## Technological potentiality

Valensi noir's bunches are large with a long and not very lignified peduncle. Berries are medium to large in size with a lot of bloom. The pulp is juicy, with a simple flavor.

## Clonal selection in France

There is no certified clone for this variety yet.

## Bibliographic references

- Catalogue des variétés et clones de vigne cultivés en France. Collectif, 2007, Ed. IFV, Le Grau-du-Roi, France.
- Documentary collections of the Centre de Ressources Biologiques de la Vigne de Vassal-Montpellier, INRAE - Institut Agro | Montpellier, Marseillan, France.
- Dictionnaire encyclopédique des cépages. P. Galet, 2000, Ed. Hachette, Paris.



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