



## Tibouren N



### Name of the variety in France

Tibouren

### Origin

Tibouren is a variety grown in the Provence region.

### Synonyms

In Italy, Tibouren is officially designated as "Rossese". This synonym is officially recognized in France regarding plant propagation material.

### Legal information

In France, Tibouren is officially listed in the "Catalogue of vine varieties" on the A list and classified. This variety is also listed in the catalogue of other Member States of the European Union: Bulgaria and Italy.

### Use

Wine grape variety.

### Evolution of cultivated areas in France

	1958	1968	1979	1988	1998	2008	2018
ha	314	368	452	447	407	417	453

### Descriptive elements

The identification is based on:

- the tip of the young shoot with a very high density of prostrate hairs,
- the green young leaves with bronze spots,
- the adult leaves with seven or nine lobes, deep lateral sinuses, an open or slightly open petiole sinus, long teeth compared to their width at the base with straight sides, a weak anthocyanin coloration of veins, a twisted blistered leaf blade, and on the lower side of the leaves, a high density of erect and prostrate hairs,
- the round-shaped berries, with frequently very small berries that stay green.

## Genetic profile

Microsatellite	VVS2	VVMD5	VVMD7	VVMD27	VRZAG62	VRZAG79	VVMD25	VVMD28	VVMD32
Allel 1	131	223	247	176	186	250	238	243	249
Allel 2	137	236	249	176	204	260	254	267	251

## Phenology

Bud burst: 3 days before Chasselas.

Grape maturity: mid-season, 2 weeks after Chasselas.

## Suitability for cultivation and agronomic production

Tibouren must be pruned short. It is susceptible to millerandage, dessication of the stems and appears well suited to acid soils.

## Susceptibility to diseases and pests

Tibouren does not seem particularly susceptible to diseases, except perhaps to mites.

## Technological potentiality

The bunches are medium to large and the berries are medium in size. Tibouren is mostly used for the production of fine and expressive rosé wines. On the nose, these wines are fruity with floral notes. In the mouth, the wines are rather round and full-bodied, relatively long and often marked by oxidative notes.

## Clonal selection in France

The two certified Tibouren clones carry the numbers 1063 and 1137.

## Bibliographic references

- Catalogue des variétés et clones de vigne cultivés en France. Collectif, 2007, Ed. IFV, Le Grau-du-Roi, France.
- Documentary collections of the Centre de Ressources Biologiques de la Vigne de Vassal-Montpellier, INRAE - Montpellier SupAgro, Marseillan, France.
- Dictionnaire encyclopédique des cépages et de leurs synonymes. P. Galet, 2015, Ed. Libre&Solidaire, France.
- Traité général de viticulture, Ampélographie. P. Viala and V. Vermorel, 1901-1909, Ed. Masson, Paris, France.
- Registro nazionale delle varietà di vite. Ministère de l'agriculture italien, under the name "Rossese", [[web site](#), visited in 2020].

## Description of clones certified in France

Clone no.	Identity and availability		Agronomic data		Technological data	
	Origin	Selection	Fertility	Production level	Sugar level	Color potential
	Year of certification	Agronomic references	Bunch weight	Vigor	Titration acidity	Tannic structure
	Surface area used for propagation (year)		Berry size	Susceptibility to grey rot	Aromatic intensity	Oenological suitability
1063	Var	CA 83 - ENTAV	medium to high	medium	high	low
	2001	Var	low	medium	medium	low
	0.17 ha			low	high	aromatic and round rosé wines
1137	Var	CA 83 - IFV	medium	medium	high	medium to high
	2009	Var			medium	medium
					high	fruity, aromatic rosé wines that last in the mouth

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