



## Savagnin rose Rs



### Name of the variety in France

Savagnin rose

### Origin

This variety is the pink and non aromatic mutation of Savagnin blanc.

### Synonyms

There is no officially recognized synonym in France nor in the other countries of the European Union, for this variety.

### Legal information

In France, Savagnin rose is officially listed in the "Catalogue of Vine Varieties" on the A list and classified.

### Use

Wine grape variety.

### Evolution of cultivated areas in France

	1979	1988	2000	2008	2018
ha	3	11	38	42	55

### Descriptive elements

The description corresponds to that of Gewurztraminer.

### Genetic profile

Microsatellite	VVS2	VVMD5	VVMD7	VVMD27	VRZAG62	VRZAG79	VVMD25	VVMD28	VVMD32
Allel 1	149	229	243	186	188	246	248	233	239
Allel 2	149	236	257	186	194	252	248	235	271

## Phenology

Bud burst: same as Chasselas.

Grape maturity: early-season, 1 week and a half to 2 weeks after Chasselas.

## Suitability for cultivation and agronomic production

Savagnin rose displays a similar behavior as Gewurztraminer. It is well adapted to clay-limestone terroirs and soils that do not induce too much chlorosis.

## Susceptibility to diseases and pests

The susceptibility to diseases is comparable to that of Gewurztraminer (slightly susceptible to powdery mildew, grape moths and to grey rot).

## Technological potentiality

The bunches and berries are small. Savagnin rose mainly differs from Gewurztraminer as its wine does not have the spicy aromas of the latter.

## Clonal selection in France

The only certified Savagnin rose clone carries the number 763. A conservatory of 15 or so clones has been planted in 1998 in Alsace.

## Bibliographic references

- Catalogue des variétés et clones de vigne cultivés en France. Collectif, 2007, Ed. IFV, Le Grau-du-Roi, France.
- Documentary collections of the Centre de Ressources Biologiques de la Vigne de Vassal-Montpellier, INRAE - Montpellier SupAgro, Marseillan, France.
- Dictionnaire encyclopédique des cépages et de leurs synonymes. P. Galet, 2015, Ed. Libre&Solidaire, France.
- Traité général de viticulture, Ampélographie. P. Viala and V. Vermorel, 1901-1909, Ed. Masson, Paris, France.

## Description of clones certified in France

Clone no.	Identity and availability		Agronomic data		Technological data	
	<i>Origin</i>	<i>Selection</i>	<i>Fertility</i>	<i>Production level</i>	<i>Sugar level</i>	<i>Color potential</i>
	<i>Year of certification</i>	<i>Agronomic references</i>	<i>Bunch weight</i>	<i>Vigor</i>	<i>Titrrable acidity</i>	<i>Tannic structure</i>
	<i>Surface area used for propagation (year)</i>		<i>Berry size</i>	<i>Susceptibility to grey rot</i>	<i>Aromatic intensity</i>	<i>Oenological suitability</i>
763	Bas-Rhin	INRA				
	1981	Alsace				

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Good growing aptitudes. This clone produces wines of very good quality and very typical of the variety.



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