



Rubilande Rs



Name of the variety in France

Rubilande

Origin

Rubilande (an interspecific hybrid) is the result of crossbreeding Bienvenu (2859 Seibel) and Roi des noirs (4643 Seibel).

Synonyms

In France, this variety can officially be called "11803 Seibel" regarding plant propagation material.

Legal information

In France, Rubilande is officially listed in the "Catalogue of vine varieties" on the A list and classified.

Use

Wine grape variety.

Evolution of cultivated areas in France

	1958	1968	2000	2008	2018
ha	737	426	11	8	6.3

Descriptive elements

The identification is based on:

- the tip of the young shoot with a medium density of prostate hairs,
- the reddish young leaves,
- the circular or wedge-shaped adult leaves, with five or seven lobes, a slightly open U- or V-shaped petiole sinus, long teeth compared to their width at the base with straight sides, a weak anthocyanin coloration of veins, a slightly involute leaf blade, and on the lower side of the leaves, a medium density of erect hairs,
- the round-shaped berries

Genetic profile

Microsatellite	VVS2	VVMD5	VVMD7	VVMD27	VRZAG62	VRZAG79	VVMD25	VVMD28	VVMD32
Allel 1	131	223	239	178	180	244	240	235	239
Allel 2	143	243	255	183	194	256	240	259	249

Phenology

Bud burst: 4 days before Chasselas.

Grape maturity: early-season, 1 week and a half after Chasselas.

Suitability for cultivation and agronomic production

Rubilande is a fairly fertile variety with a semi-erect bearing, is susceptible to chlorosis and drought.

Susceptibility to diseases and pests

Rubilande resists fairly well to downy mildew and to anthracnose, but is susceptible to grey rot and must be grafted.

Technological potentiality

The bunches are compact and medium in size. The berries are large and have a juicy pulp. Rubilande can be used either as a table or a wine grape. It produced mediocre quality rosé wines with no diglucoside anthocyanins.

Clonal selection in France

The only certified Rubilande clone carries the number 1335.

Bibliographic references

- Catalogue des variétés et clones de vigne cultivés en France. Collectif, 2007, Ed. IFV, Le Grau-du-Roi, France.
- Documentary collections of the Centre de Ressources Biologiques de la Vigne de Vassal-Montpellier, INRAE - Montpellier SupAgro, Marseillan, France.
- Cépages et vignobles de France, tome 1. P. Galet, 1988, Ed. Dehan, Montpellier, France.

Description of clones certified in France

Clone no.	Identity and availability		Agronomic data		Technological data	
	<i>Origin</i>	<i>Selection</i>	<i>Fertility</i>	<i>Production level</i>	<i>Sugar level</i>	<i>Color potential</i>
	<i>Year of certification</i>	<i>Agronomic references</i>	<i>Bunch weight</i>	<i>Vigor</i>	<i>Titrate acidity</i>	<i>Tannic structure</i>
	<i>Surface area used for propagation (year)</i>		<i>Berry size</i>	<i>Susceptibility to grey rot</i>	<i>Aromatic intensity</i>	<i>Oenological suitability</i>
1335	Hérault	IFV - INRA				
	2019					

ENTAV  INRA®



Cette œuvre est mise à disposition selon les termes de la [Licence Creative Commons Attribution - Pas d'Utilisation Commerciale - Partage dans les Mêmes Conditions 4.0 International](https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-sa/4.0/)

