



## Ravat blanc B



### Name of the variety in France

Ravat blanc

### Origin

Ravat blanc (Ravat 6) is an interspecific hybrid obtained by J-F. Ravat. Based on genetic analyses carried out in Montpellier, it would result from the crossbreeding of 8724 Seibel and Plantet (5455 Seibel).

### Synonyms

In France, this variety can officially be called "Ravat 6" regarding plant propagation material

### Legal information

In France, Ravat blanc is officially listed in the "Catalogue of vine varieties" on the A list and classified.

### Use

Wine grape variety.

### Evolution of cultivated areas in France

	1958	1968	1979	2000	2008	2018
ha	600	567	1	21	15	8.9

### Descriptive elements

The identification is based on:

- the tip of the young shoot with a low density of prostate hairs,
- the shiny green young leaves,
- the kidney-shaped adult leaves, entire or with three lobes, with a very open U- or V-shaped petiole sinus, medium teeth with straight or convex sides, a weak anthocyanin coloration of veins, a shiny leaf blade, and on the lower side of the leaves, no or a very low density of erect and prostate hairs,
- the round-shaped berries.

### Genetic profile

Microsatellite	VVS2	VVMD5	VVMD7	VVMD27	VRZAG62	VRZAG79	VVMD25	VVMD28	VVMD32
Allel 1	131	223	239	182	188	250	240	237	249
Allel 2	147	261	243	184	188	260	254	251	249

## Phenology

Bud burst: 2 days after Chasselas.

Grape maturity: mid-season, 2 weeks after Chasselas.

## Suitability for cultivation and agronomic production

Ravat blanc is not very fertile, with a semi-erect bearing, and must be pruned long.

## Susceptibility to diseases and pests

Ravat blanc resists well against downy mildew but is very sensitive to powdery mildew, anthracnose and grey rot. It must also be grafted.

## Technological potentiality

The bunches are small. The berries are also small and can become pink at maturity. The sugar potential of Ravat blanc is good but the wines produced are sensitive to oxidation and are of mediocre quality.

## Clonal selection in France

The only certified Ravat blanc clone carries the number 1198.

## Bibliographic references

- Catalogue des variétés et clones de vigne cultivés en France. Collectif, 2007, Ed. IFV, Le Grau-du-Roi, France.
- Documentary collections of the Centre de Ressources Biologiques de la Vigne de Vassal-Montpellier, INRAE - Montpellier SupAgro, Marseillan, France.
- Cépages et vignobles de France, tome 1. P. Galet, 1988, Ed. Dehan, Montpellier, France.

## Description of clones certified in France

Clone no.	Identity and availability		Agronomic data		Technological data	
	<i>Origin</i>	<i>Selection</i>	<i>Fertility</i>	<i>Production level</i>	<i>Sugar level</i>	<i>Color potential</i>
	<i>Year of certification</i>	<i>Agronomic references</i>	<i>Bunch weight</i>	<i>Vigor</i>	<i>Titration acidity</i>	<i>Tannic structure</i>
	<i>Surface area used for propagation (year)</i>		<i>Berry size</i>	<i>Susceptibility to grey rot</i>	<i>Aromatic intensity</i>	<i>Oenological suitability</i>
1198	Hérault	IFV - INRA				
	2013	Languedoc-Roussillon				representative wines of the variety

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