



## Picardan B



### Name of the variety in France

Picardan

### Origin

This variety is originally from the South of France.

### Synonyms

In France, this variety can officially be called "Araignan" regarding plant propagation material.

### Legal information

In France, Picardan is officially listed in the "Catalogue of vine varieties" on the A list and classified.

### Use

Wine grape variety.

### Evolution of cultivated areas in France

	1958	1988	2018
ha	60	10	2.9

### Descriptive elements

The identification is based on:

- the tip of the young shoot with a high density of prostrate hairs,
- the green young leaves with slightly bronze spots,
- the wedge-shaped or pentagonal adult leaves, with three lobes, a closed petiole sinus with slightly overlapping lobes, large teeth, moderately long compared to their width at the base with straight or convex sides, no anthocyanin coloration of veins, a finely blistered, sometimes gofferred leaf blade, and on the lower side of the leaves, a medium density of erect hairs and a low density of prostrate hairs,
- the ellipsoid berries.

### Genetic profile

Microsatellite	VVS2	VVMD5	VVMD7	VVMD27	VRZAG62	VRZAG79	VVMD25	VVMD28	VVMD32
Allel 1	131	223	239	182	196	238	248	233	239
Allel 2	135	238	249	188	204	252	254	235	271

### Phenology

Bud burst: 5 days after Chasselas.

Grape maturity: mid-season, 3 weeks and a half to 4 weeks after Chasselas.

## Suitability for cultivation and agronomic production

Picardan has a moderate vigor, with a semi-erect bearing. It must be pruned short and preferably trellised. This variety is susceptible to magnesium deficiency and is well adapted to hot areas and, dry and not very fertile terroirs.

## Susceptibility to diseases and pests

Picardan is a little susceptible to grey rot.

## Technological potentiality

The bunches and berries are large. Picardan produces fruity, fairly fine and moderately aciditic wines. The sugar potential is low to moderate.

## Clonal selection in France

The only certified Picardan clone carries the number 1183.

## Bibliographic references

- Catalogue des variétés et clones de vigne cultivés en France. Collectif, 2007, Ed. IFV, Le Grau-du-Roi, France.
- Documentary collections of the Centre de Ressources Biologiques de la Vigne de Vassal-Montpellier, INRAE - Montpellier SupAgro, Marseillan, France.
- Dictionnaire encyclopédique des cépages et de leurs synonymes. P. Galet, 2015, Ed. Libre&Solidaire, France.
- Traité général de viticulture, Ampélographie. P. Viala and V. Vermorel, 1901-1909, Ed. Masson, Paris, France.

## Description of clones certified in France

Clone no.	Identity and availability		Agronomic data		Technological data	
	Origin	Selection	Fertility	Production level	Sugar level	Color potential
	Year of certification	Agronomic references	Bunch weight	Vigor	Titration acidity	Tannic structure
	Surface area used for propagation (year)		Berry size	Susceptibility to grey rot	Aromatic intensity	Oenological suitability
1183	Vaucluse 2012	CA 84 - IFV				representative wines of the variety



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