



Parellada B



Name of the variety in France

Parellada

Origin

Parellada is originally from Spain (Catalonia).

Synonyms

There is no officially recognized synonym in France nor in the other countries of the European Union, for this variety.

Legal information

In France, Parellada is officially listed in the "Catalogue of vine varieties" on the A list and classified. This variety is also listed in the catalogue of Spain.

Use

Wine grape variety.

Evolution of cultivated areas in France



Descriptive elements

The identification is based on:

- the tip of the young shoot with a high density of prostrate hairs,
- the young leaves with a characteristic reddish-brown color,
- the large, circular adult leaves, entire or with five lobes, with shallow lateral sinuses, a closed petiole sinus, short teeth compared to their width at the base with convex sides, no or a weak anthocyanin coloration of veins, a twisted leaf blade, and on the lower side of the leaves, a low to medium density of prostrate hairs,
- the round-shaped or slightly obloid berries.

Genetic profile

Microsatellite	VVS2	VVMD5	VVMD7	VVMD27	VRZAG62	VRZAG79	VVMD25	VVMD28	VVMD32
Allel 1	131	225	243	176	188	248	238	257	239
Allel 2	141	232	249	178	204	248	240	257	271

Phenology

Bud burst: 10 days after Chasselas.

Grape maturity: late-season, 4 weeks and a half after Chasselas.

Suitability for cultivation and agronomic production

Parellada is fairly vigorous, fertile, productive and requires short pruning. This variety is well adapted to southern conditions.

Susceptibility to diseases and pests

Parellada is a little sensitive to downy mildew and powdery mildew.

Technological potentiality

Parellada's bunches are large to very large in size, often winged and the berries are medium in size. The sugar accumulation potential is moderate. This variety produces rather fine and well appreciated wines with a good acidity. It can be used to make sparkling wines and still white wines, particularly used in blends.

Clonal selection in France

The two certified Parellada clones carry the numbers 6003 and 6004.

Bibliographic references

- Documentary collections of the Centre de Ressources Biologiques de la Vigne de Vassal-Montpellier, INRAE - Institut Agro | Montpellier, Marseillan, France.
- Dictionnaire encyclopédique des cépages et de leurs synonymes. P. Galet, 2015, Ed. Libre&Solidaire, France.

Description of clones certified in France

Clone no.	Identity and availability		Agronomic data		Technological data	
	<i>Origin</i>	<i>Selection</i>	<i>Fertility</i>	<i>Production level</i>	<i>Sugar level</i>	<i>Color potential</i>
	<i>Year of certification</i>	<i>Agronomic references</i>	<i>Bunch weight</i>	<i>Vigor</i>	<i>Titrate acidity</i>	<i>Tannic structure</i>
	<i>Surface area used for propagation (year)</i>		<i>Berry size</i>	<i>Susceptibility to grey rot</i>	<i>Aromatic intensity</i>	<i>Oenological suitability</i>
6003	Espagne	IFV	low to medium	medium	medium	
	2006	Languedoc	medium		medium	
			medium			representative wines of the variety
6004	Espagne	IFV	low	low to medium	medium	
	2006	Languedoc	medium to high		medium	
			medium to high			representative wines of the variety

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