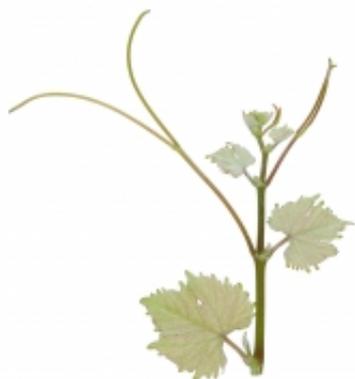




## Madeleine Salomon B



### Name of the variety in France

Madeleine Salomon

### Origin

This table grape variety was selected by E. Salomon in 1893, and corresponds to the traditional Italian variety Agostenga .

### Synonyms

In Italy, Madeleine Salomon is officially designated as "Prié blanc". This synonym is officially recognized in France regarding plant propagation material.

### Legal information

In France, Madeleine Salomon is officially listed in the "Catalogue of vine varieties" on the A list.

### Use

Table grape variety.

### Evolution of cultivated areas in France



Surfaces of all Madeleines, except Madeleine royale.

### Descriptive elements

The identification is based on:

- the tip of the young shoot with a high density of prostrate hairs,
- the green young leaves with bronze spots,
- the circular or pentagonal adult leaves, with five lobes, an open U-shaped petiole sinus, medium teeth with convex sides, no anthocyanin coloration of veins, a finely blistered involute leaf blade, and on the lower side of the leaves, no erect hairs and a low density of prostrate hairs,
- the ellipsoid berries.

## Genetic profile

Microsatellite	VVS2	VVMD5	VVMD7	VVMD27	VRZAG62	VRZAG79	VVMD25	VVMD28	VVMD32
Allel 1	131	225	233	182	194	240	238	233	251
Allel 2	153	236	247	186	196	252	248	243	271

## Phenology

Bud burst: 6 days before Chasselas.

Grape maturity: very early season, half a week before Chasselas.

## Suitability for cultivation and agronomic production

Madeleine Salomon is fairly vigorous, with a semi-erect bearing and can be pruned short.

## Susceptibility to diseases and pests

Madeleine Salomon is a little susceptible to grey rot and powdery mildew.

## Technological potentiality

The bunches are small to medium size and very compact. The berries are medium in size, simple-flavored, with a thin skin and a soft pulp.

## Clonal selection in France

The only certified Madeleine Salomon clone carries the number 1324.

## Bibliographic references

- Catalogue des variétés et clones de vigne cultivés en France. Collectif, 2007, Ed. IFV, Le Grau-du-Roi, France.
- Documentary collections of the Centre de Ressources Biologiques de la Vigne de Vassal-Montpellier, INRAE - Montpellier SupAgro, Marseillan, France.
- Dictionnaire encyclopédique des cépages et de leurs synonymes. P. Galet, 2015, Ed. Libre&Solidaire, France.
- Traité général de viticulture, Ampélographie. P. Viala and V. Vermorel, 1901-1909, Ed. Masson, Paris, France.
- Registro nazionale delle varietà di vite. Italian Ministry of Agriculture, under the name "Prié Blanc", [[web site](#), visited in 2020].

## Description of clones certified in France

Clone no.	Identity and availability		Agronomic data		Technological data	
	Origin	Selection	Fertility	Production level	Sugar level	Color potential
	Year of certification	Agronomic references	Bunch weight	Vigor	Titration acidity	Tannic structure
	Surface area used for propagation (year)		Berry size	Susceptibility to grey rot	Aromatic intensity	Oenological suitability
1324	Hérault 2019	IFV - INRA				

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