



Hibou noir N



Name of the variety in France

Hibou noir

Origin

Hibou noir is originally from the French department of Savoie. It does not correspond to the black version of Hibou blanc. This variety would be related to Cacaboué, Freisa and Rèze.

Synonyms

In Italy, Hibou noir is officially designated as "Avanà". This synonym is officially recognized in France regarding plant propagation material.

Legal information

In France, Hibou noir is officially listed in the "Catalogue of vine varieties" since 2016 on the A list but is not yet classified. This variety is also listed in the catalogue of Italy.

Use

Wine grape variety.

Evolution of cultivated areas in France

ha

2018

0

Descriptive elements

The identification is based on:

- the white tip of the young shoot with a high density of prostate hairs and a piping distribution of anthocyanin coloration,
- the green yellow young leaves with a medium density of prostate hairs,
- the shoots that are sometimes fasciated, with green or slightly red-striped internodes,
- the circular, sometimes a little bit wide, adult leaves, entire or with three or five lobes, with an open petiole sinus, a weak anthocyanin coloration of veins, erect hairs on the petiole, a revolute, slightly blistered, sometimes slightly gofferred leaf blade, and on the lower side of the leaves, a low to medium density of erect and prostate hairs,
- the round-shaped or slightly ovoid berries that can remain a little red when fully ripe.

Genetic profile

Microsatellite	VVS2	VVMD5	VVMD7	VVMD27	VRZAG62	VRZAG79	VVMD25	VVMD28	VVMD32
Allel 1	131	223	247	182	194	240	238	243	261
Allel 2	153	223	247	182	194	244	256	243	271

Phenology

Bud burst: 1 day after Chasselas.

Grape maturity: mid-season, 3 weeks after Chasselas.

Suitability for cultivation and agronomic production

Hibou noir is vigorous and productive but it can produce irregular yields. This variety has a semi-erect bearing. The average rank of the first inflorescence on the shoot is usually fairly high.

Susceptibility to diseases and pests

Hibou noir is rather rustic, it is not very sensitive to cryptogamic diseases. It is however susceptible to bud mite disease.

Technological potentiality

Hibou noir's bunches are medium to large and very compact. The berries are also medium to large, simple-flavored, with a moderately thick skin and a juicy pulp. Hibou noir produces not very alcoholic, not very colored wines with fruity (raspberries) aromas that must be consumed quickly.

Clonal selection in France

There is no certified clone for this variety yet.

Bibliographic references

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