



Graisse B



Name of the variety in France

Graisse

Origin

This variety is found in the south west of France. Based on published genetic analyses, Graisse is probably a descendant of Gouais blanc.

Synonyms

There is no officially recognized synonym in France nor in the other countries of the European Union, for this variety.

Legal information

In France, Graisse is officially listed in the "Catalogue of vine varieties" on the A list and classified.

Use

Wine and spirits grape variety.

Evolution of cultivated areas in France

	1958	1968	1979	1988	2000	2008	2018
ha	2722	2248	420	72	25	19	17

Descriptive elements

The identification is based on:

- the tip of the young shoot with a high density of prostate hairs,
- the green or yellow young leaves,
- the dark green adult leaves, entire or with five lobes, with a slightly open petiole sinus, medium to long teeth compared to their width at the base with straight sides, no anthocyanin coloration, a twisted, blistered and gofferred leaf blade, and on the lower side of the leaves, a medium to high density of erect and prostate hairs,
- the round-shaped berries.

Genetic profile

Microsatellite	VVS2	VVMD5	VVMD7	VVMD27	VRZAG62	VRZAG79	VVMD25	VVMD28	VVMD32
Allel 1	141	223	239	176	188	244	254	233	239
Allel 2	149	232	249	176	204	252	262	245	271

Phenology

Bud burst: 6 days after Chasselas.

Bud burst: late-season, 4 weeks after Chasselas.

Suitability for cultivation and agronomic production

Graisse is productive with an erect bearing and may be pruned short. It tends to produce many off shoots and suckers.

Susceptibility to diseases and pests

Graisse is a little susceptible to powdery mildew.

Technological potentiality

The bunches are medium in size and compact and the berries are medium to large. Graisse has a low sugar accumulation potential. It produces neutral and acidic wines.

Clonal selection in France

The only certified Graisse clone carries the number 1134.

Bibliographic references

- Catalogue des variétés et clones de vigne cultivés en France. Collectif, 2007, Ed. IFV, Le Grau-du-Roi, France.
- Documentary collections of the Centre de Ressources Biologiques de la Vigne de Vassal-Montpellier, INRAE - Montpellier SupAgro, Marseillan, France.
- Dictionnaire encyclopédique des cépages et de leurs synonymes. P. Galet, 2015, Ed. Libre&Solidaire, France.
- Traité général de viticulture, Ampélographie. P. Viala and V. Vermorel, 1901-1909, Ed. Masson, Paris, France.

Description of clones certified in France

Clone no.	Identity and availability		Agronomic data		Technological data	
	Origin	Selection	Fertility	Production level	Sugar level	Color potential
	Year of certification	Agronomic references	Bunch weight	Vigor	Titration acidity	Tannic structure
	Surface area used for propagation (year)		Berry size	Susceptibility to grey rot	Aromatic intensity	Oenological suitability
1134	Gers	IFV				
	2009					representative wines of the variety

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