



Arriloba B



Name of the variety in France

Arriloba

Origin

This variety was obtained in 1954 by INRA by crossbreeding Raffiat de Moncade and Sauvignon.

Synonyms

There is no officially recognized synonym in France nor in the other countries of the European Union, for this variety.

Legal information

In France, Arriloba is officially listed in the "Catalogue of vine varieties" on the A list and classified.

Use

Wine grape variety.

Evolution of cultivated areas in France

	1988	2000	2008	2018
ha	10	58	59	33

Descriptive elements

The identification is based on:

- the green young leaves with bronze spots,
- the adult leaves with three lobes (rarely five lobes), an open U-shaped petiole sinus, long teeth with straight sides, a moderate anthocyanin coloration of veins, a twisted, involute leaf blade, and on the lower side of the leaves, a low to medium density of erect and prostate hairs,
- the round-shaped berries.

Genetic profile

Microsatellite	VVS2	VVMD5	VVMD7	VVMD27	VRZAG62	VRZAG79	VVMD25	VVMD28	VVMD32
Allel 1	131	223	239	178	188	244	240	235	239
Allel 2	131	229	249	186	188	246	240	245	239

Phenology

Bud burst: same as Chasselas.

Grape maturity: early-season, 1 week after Chasselas.

Suitability for cultivation and agronomic production

This variety is vigorous, fertile and productive. It is sometimes susceptible to dessication of the stems and would

appear well adapted to machine harvesting.

Susceptibility to diseases and pests

Arriloba resists well to grey rot (thick skin).

Technological potentiality

The bunches are medium in size and the berries are very small. The wines produced are quite fine and slightly aromatic.

Clonal selection in France

The only certified Arriloba clone carries the number 762.

Bibliographic references

- Catalogue des variétés et clones de vigne cultivés en France. Collectif, 2007, Ed. IFV, Le Grau-du-Roi, France.
- Documentary collections of the Centre de Ressources Biologiques de la Vigne de Vassal-Montpellier, INRAE - Montpellier SupAgro, Marseillan, France.
- Dictionnaire encyclopédique des cépages et de leurs synonymes. P. Galet, 2015, Ed. Libre&Solidaire, France.

Description of clones certified in France

Clone no.	Identity and availability		Agronomic data		Technological data	
	<i>Origin</i>	<i>Selection</i>	<i>Fertility</i>	<i>Production level</i>	<i>Sugar level</i>	<i>Color potential</i>
	<i>Year of certification</i>	<i>Agronomic references</i>	<i>Bunch weight</i>	<i>Vigor</i>	<i>Titration acidity</i>	<i>Tannic structure</i>
	<i>Surface area used for propagation (year)</i>		<i>Berry size</i>	<i>Susceptibility to grey rot</i>	<i>Aromatic intensity</i>	<i>Oenological suitability</i>
762		INRA				
	1982	Bordelais Sud-Ouest				
	0.94 ha					



https://plantgrape.plantnet-project.org/media/cache/fiche_thumb/img/marque/logo_entav_inra.png



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