



Brun argenté N



Name of the variety in France

Brun argenté

Origin

This variety is originally from the south east of France.

Synonyms

In France, this variety can be called "Vaccarèse" regarding plant propagation material.

Legal information

In France, Brun argenté is officially listed in the "Catalogue of vine varieties" on the A list and classified.

Use

Wine grape variety.

Evolution of cultivated areas in France

	1958	1968	1979	1988	2000	2008	2018
ha	70	55	44	34	11	10	12

Descriptive elements

The identification is based on:

- the tip of the young shoot with a low density of prostate hairs,
- the green young leaves with bronze spots,
- the adult leaves with five lobes, a slightly open petiole sinus, long teeth compared to their width at the base with straight or convex sides, no or very slight anthocyanin coloration of veins, and on the lower side of the leaves, a medium to high density of erect hairs,
- the round-shaped berries.

Genetic profile

Microsatellite	VVS2	VVMD5	VVMD7	VVMD27	VRZAG62	VRZAG79	VVMD25	VVMD28	VVMD32
Allel 1	131	223	243	176	188	248	238	247	239
Allel 2	141	223	249	178	200	256	266	267	249

Phenology

Bud burst: 10 days after Chasselas.

Grape maturity: late-season, 4 weeks and a half after Chasselas.

Suitability for cultivation and agronomic production

Brun argenté is a fertile, late-season variety which must be pruned short. This variety should be planted in rather poor, hot and well exposed terroirs. It can be susceptible to millerandage.

Susceptibility to diseases and pests

Brun argenté is very susceptible to powdery mildew and grey rot.

Technological potentiality

The bunches and berries are very large. Brun argenté produces slightly or moderately colored wines with low alcoholic degree. Wines are balanced, with a complex aromatic profile (fruity and spicy notes).

Clonal selection in France

The only certified Brun argenté clone carries the number 1164. A conservatory of ten or so clones was planted in 2001 in the Côtes du Rhône. Selection work is currently underway in this conservatory.

Bibliographic references

- Catalogue des variétés et clones de vigne cultivés en France. Collectif, 2007, Ed. IFV, Le Grau-du-Roi, France.
- Documentary collections of the Centre de Ressources Biologiques de la Vigne de Vassal-Montpellier, INRAE - Montpellier SupAgro, Marseillan, France.
- Dictionnaire encyclopédique des cépages et de leurs synonymes. P. Galet, 2015, Ed. Libre&Solidaire, France.
- Traité général de viticulture, Ampélographie. P. Viala and V. Vermorel, 1901-1909, Ed. Masson, Paris, France.

Description of clones certified in France

Clone no.	Identity and availability		Agronomic data		Technological data	
	Origin	Selection	Fertility	Production level	Sugar level	Color potential
	Year of certification	Agronomic references	Bunch weight	Vigor	Titrate acidity	Tannic structure
	Surface area used for propagation (year)		Berry size	Susceptibility to grey rot	Aromatic intensity	Oenological suitability
1164	Vaucluse 2011	IFV				representative wines of the variety



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